

Tourist Police Activities: Trends in Domain Terminology Development

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Abstract: This article examines the evolving landscape of domain terminology, with a particular focus on the activities of tourist police. In light of the rapid advancements in information and communication technology, terminology has emerged as a distinct scientific field, necessitating standardized terminology for effective communication across languages and domains. Recognizing the importance of addressing topical issues in terminology, the authors offer numerous proposals and conclusions drawn from scholarly perspectives. Furthermore, they highlight the invaluable contributions of terminologists through comprehensive analyses and detailed studies, encompassing various approaches to terminology. This thorough examination underscores the significance of ongoing research in elucidating and refining domain-specific terminology, particularly within the realm of tourist policing activities.

1 INTRODUCTION

The field of tourism security represents a vital aspect of ensuring the safety and efficiency of the global tourism industry and its myriad destinations, both domestically and abroad. Responsibility for maintaining security within this sector lies predominantly with the Tourist Police Service, necessitating the cultivation of specialised terminology to effectively navigate its complexities.

Tracing the historical trajectory of terminology, we find its roots extending back to ancient civilisations such as Mesopotamia, Egypt, and Greece. In these venerable societies, distinct vocabularies emerged across various disciplines including medicine, law, and astronomy. This early cultivation of specialised language reflects humanity's innate need to articulate and communicate nuanced concepts within specific domains.

The medieval period witnessed a continuation of this linguistic evolution, with scholars and practitioners crafting bespoke terminologies to elucidate the intricacies of burgeoning fields such as theology and botany. The Renaissance, characterised by a fervent pursuit of scientific inquiry, heralded a renaissance of terminology, particularly within disciplines like anatomy and astronomy. Visionaries such as Leonardo da Vinci and Andreas Vesalius

played pivotal roles in expanding the lexicon of anatomical terminology, forever altering our understanding of the human form.

The Enlightenment and subsequent Industrial Revolution heralded a seismic shift in the development of terminology, driven by advancements in science, technology, and industry. As scientific inquiry burgeoned, the need for precise and standardised terminology became increasingly apparent. Scientific societies emerged as bastions of terminological development, championing efforts to codify and standardise language across disciplines. Figures like Antoine Lavoisier and Carl Linnaeus spearheaded these initiatives, recognising the imperative of coherent terminology in facilitating scientific discourse.

2 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Terminology, as a discipline, explores the rules and principles governing the creation, evolution, and function of specialized language within a particular area of human activity. It employs statistical and analytical research methods to investigate how terms are formed, develop, and function. The extensive application of rigorously defined investigative techniques in terminology signifies a shift from

merely teaching terminology to treating it as a scientific endeavor, akin to the transition from critical discourse to problem-solving inherent in scientific inquiry. This article employs methods such as domain analysis, which involves studying the specific field or subject area to understand its concepts, processes, and specialized language; corpus analysis, which entails analyzing collections of relevant texts within the field; and utilizing existing terminology resources, such as glossaries and specialized references, to further the study.

3 OBJECTIVE

- Trace the historical trajectory of tourism security terminology development.
- Analyze mechanisms behind creation and adoption of specialized terms.
- Propose strategies for standardizing and developing tourism security terminology.

4 ANALYSIS

New terms can emerge through various creative processes, such as assigning new meanings to existing terms or combining and altering lexical elements. These processes adhere to certain principles to increase the likelihood of acceptance. Some creative principles, already established in semantics, include:

1. Expansion: This involves extending the meaning of a term, either from concrete to abstract or vice versa. For example, "novice" originally limited to religious contexts, now refers to anyone new in a field.
2. Metaphor: New meanings are derived by analogy to established terms, like referring to the backbone of a computer network.
3. Metonymy: This involves using a part to represent the whole or vice versa, like using "chair" to refer to a chairman or "A+" to represent a person with blood type A positive.
4. Eponymy: Widening the use of a proper name as a common noun, such as "watt" from James Watt, the inventor of electrical power units.
5. Conversion of grammatical category: Converting a word from one grammatical category to another, like the adjective "empty" becoming a noun and a verb.

6. Borrowing from another subject field: Adopting a term from another field with a slight change in meaning, such as virology terms being used in the field of computer security.

These principles contribute to the creation of new terms, with tendencies observed in mechanisms such as:

1. Neologisms: Creating entirely new lexical entities, often through compounding, like "cloud computing."
2. Terminologization and transdisciplinary borrowing: This involves assigning specific meanings to general terms or borrowing terms from other disciplines or languages, like "cloud" in computing or "Trojan horse" from Greek mythology.

Studies indicate that in the realm of Safe Tourism, mechanisms like metonymy, borrowed words, metaphor, expansion, and terms borrowed from other fields play significant roles. Additionally, many safe tourism terms are borrowed from French and German languages and are commonly used in legal and tourism contexts.

The resolution No. 939 of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan, dated November 23, 2017, titled "On measures to ensure safe tourism in the cities of Bukhara, Samarkand, Khiva, and Shakhrisabz," has endorsed the Concept for ensuring safe tourism and formulated measures to prevent offenses and combat crimes. This decree has led to the establishment of specialized departments within the internal affairs bodies to safeguard tourism.

In light of this, the development of a fundamentally new approach to public administration through the implementation of the Concept of ensuring safe tourism in the cities of Bukhara, Samarkand, Khiva, and Shakhrisabz is of utmost significance. This concept encompasses several key directions, including:

- Enhancing the structure and methodologies of internal affairs agencies to ensure the safety of tourism.
- Ensuring the safety of tourists throughout their journey, including transportation and movement.
- Safeguarding the places of residence, such as hotels, guesthouses, and other accommodations, along with tourist services.
- Guaranteeing the safety of tourists and official foreign delegations when visiting tourist attractions and engaging in evening leisure activities.

Considering the importance of effective communication with tourists, it's essential for police officers to be well-versed in terminology related to various aspects, including tourist attractions, places of residence, tourist services, types of tourism, documentation, and transportation. Additionally, the newly formed departments are tasked with implementing comprehensive preventive measures aimed at identifying and addressing the root causes and conditions conducive to criminal activities at tourist sites and infrastructure. They are also responsible for promptly identifying individuals inclined towards criminal behavior and taking necessary measures to prevent it.

In this context, terms commonly associated with the operations of Tourist Police Departments under the Ministry of Internal Affairs include measures for crime prevention, surveillance, public order maintenance, early identification of potential criminal behavior, and combating various forms of crime, ranging from theft and robbery to terrorism and extremism.

It's important to acknowledge that the terms mentioned are derived from various sectors like travel, law, and law enforcement. Therefore, it's essential for Tourist Police personnel to understand and adopt terminology from these areas. As knowledge within a field expands, there's a trend towards specialization and the creation of sub-categories. This results in the emergence of specialized terms tailored to specific needs within these sub-domains. For example, specialized vocabulary within internal affairs bodies, including Tourist Police, Traffic Control, and Investigation units, illustrates this concept. Additionally, many fields now foster interdisciplinary research and collaboration. Incorporating terminology from diverse domains facilitates this collaboration, leading to the emergence of hybrid or cross-disciplinary terms.

5 CONCLUSION

Tourism has a rich history in Uzbekistan, primarily driven by commercial and religious motives. In today's globalized world, its significance is once again expanding, influenced by various factors beyond language. Key tasks include standardizing terminology, analyzing the criteria for normality and nationality within self-referential contexts, and proposing practical strategies for compiling tourist-related lexicons. In summary:

- Despite the emergence of new terms across various sectors, the Tourist Police

in Uzbekistan have yet to establish their specific terminology.

- It's evident that terminology in this realm draws from both legal and tourism vocabularies.
- Producing dictionaries focused on tourist terminology could significantly improve communication in this evolving sector.
- As knowledge advances within a field, the language used to describe its concepts and practices may also evolve. This evolution might involve introducing new terms to reflect emerging ideas or refining existing terms based on updated information.

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